

Program: Doctoral Academic Studies –			
Course title: SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE LAW			
Teachers: Full-time Prof. Dr. Zoran Tomić, ztomic@ius.bg.ac.rs			
Course status: optional for the Administrative law specific scientific area			
Number of ECTS: 10			
Requirements: /			
Aims of the course: The aim of this course is to enable candidates to broaden and deepen their knowledge in the field of special administrative law.			
Course result: Candidates should acquire knowledge and skills that would enable them to develop a critical approach to complex questions in special administrative domains and to conduct independent research in this area.			
Course content: Special Administrative Law covers two broad areas: first, the General and Special Administrative Law and, second, Special administrative situations (domains). The first part deals with the relationship between general and special administrative law, and within this the theoretical notion of the administration (<i>Rechtstaat</i> , legality and legitimacy of administrative activity) the theoretical notion of administrative function (the concept of administration as <i>state power</i>) and the theoretical notion of administrative activities (the concept of administration as <i>public service</i>). Additionally, the course curriculum covers the positive legal concept of the administration, as well as the basic institutes of administrative law. Furthermore, this part covers general and special administrative matters, general and special administrative law, the concept and content of special administrative law, with particular reference to the special administrative-material law and, in particular, administrative-procedural law. The latter concerns the relationship between the general and special administrative procedures (<i>lex specialis derogat legi generali</i>), the subject matter and method of special administrative law and the relations of special administrative law with other branches of law and scientific disciplines. Finally, this part covers sources of special administrative law (their classification and principal features). The second part deals with specific legal solutions, which regulate different administrative situations in a plethora of areas. An example of the most important specific administrative domains includes the personal status of citizens (citizenship, personal name, residence and place of residence, business capacity), family and social status of citizens (guardianship, adoption, social protection, pension and disability insurance), keeping official records (registry books, records of internal affairs authorities, ID cards, personal identification number of citizens) and others.			
Literature: 1) Stevan Lilić, <i>Special Administrative Law</i> , University of Belgrade Faculty of Law, Belgrade, 2010. 2) Stevan Lilić, <i>Administrative Law/Administrative Procedure Law</i> , 7th Edition, University of Belgrade Faculty of Law, 2013; 3) Zoran R. Tomić, <i>General Administrative Law</i> , University of Belgrade Faculty of Law, Official Gazette, Belgrade 2017; 4) Đuro Gatarić, <i>Administrative Law – Special part</i> , Zagreb, 1977; 5) Ž. Obrenović, S. Trkulja, <i>Administrative Law – Internal Affairs</i> , Belgrade, 1988.			
Number of lectures – active classes	Theoretical classes: 75	Practical classes :	
Instruction method: Lectures, consultations.			
Grading system (maximum number of points 100)			
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final Exam	points
Activities during lectures	30	<i>Oral exam</i>	70
Activities during practical classes			
Tests			
Seminar classes			